Effect of Psychological Climate on Stress Coping Intention through Digital Technology

Dr. Vadym Mozgovoy

Geneva School of Economics and Management, Institute of Information Service Science, Quality of Life
Technologies Lab, University of Geneva, Switzerland

Prof. Katarzyna Wac

Geneva School of Economics and Management, Institute of Information Service Science, Quality of Life
Technologies Lab, University of Geneva, Switzerland

Prof. Christian Mumenthaler

Department of Information Sciences, Geneva School of Business Administration (HEG-GE), Switzerland

The 4th International Research Roundtable César Ritz Colleges, Brig, 14.03.2023









FONDS NATIONAL SUISSE
SCHWEIZERISCHER NATIONALFONDS
FONDO NAZIONALE SVIZZERO
SWISS NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Introduction

Stress in the in public service comes at high cost:

accidents and injuries (Condrey & Perry, 2005)

triggers mental health problems, such as anxiety and burnout (Lee, 2016), etc.

How do public servants' perception of work environment (i.e., **psychological climate (PC)**) might relate to stress?

Research Question - The impact of **psychological climate** on **stress copying intentions through physiolytics**











Variables

Psychological Climate (PC) Scale (Psychological Safety and Meaningfulness) (Brown & Leigh, 1996):

Psychological Safety: Supportive Management, Role Clarity, Self-Expression

Psychological Meaningfulness: Contribution, Recognition, Challenge

Felt Stress (FS) Scale (Hoover, 2014)

Intention to Cope (IC) through physiolytics, Binary (Yes, No)

Theories

The Theory of Reasoned Action

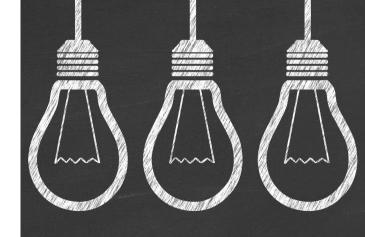
Attitudes
Subjective Norms

Transactional Model of Stress

Perception of Stimuli Implementation of Coping Strategy

Other Theories:

Motivational Model (Davis, Bagozzi, & Warshaw, 1992) Social Cognitive Theory (SCT; Bandura, 1982) Dual-System Theory, etc.



Data Collection Analytical procedures

Survey in Public Administration, 350 responses, 2019, e-training

Cronbach's alpha

Confirmatory Factor Analysis (CFA)

Structural Equation Modeling (SEM): R package *lavaan*



Results

Hypothesis

Hypothesis 1 (H1): Higher PC decreases FS **Supported**

Hypothesis 2 (H2): Lower PC does not have a direct effect on the inclination to cope through physiolytics

Supported

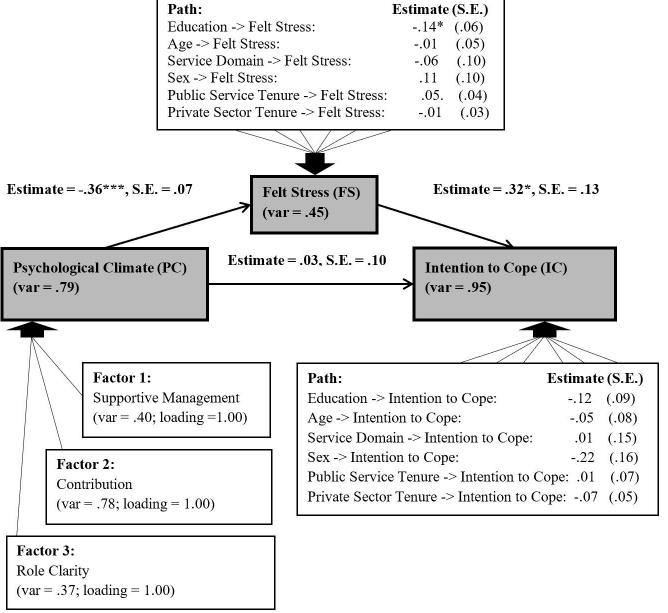
Hypothesis 3 (H3): Higher FS increases the inclination to cope through physiolytics

Supported



Final Structural Equation Model showing the relationships between variables

Analytical Tests



Codes for t-test significance levels: "*** indicates 0.001; "** indicates 0.01; "* indicates 0.05; ".' indicates 0.1.7

Implications and Conclusions

Psychological climate is an **antecedent** of the inclination to cope with stress **Analysis** of Psychological Climate before decision-making on organizational stress-management

More negative perception of psychological work environment (+) → higher stress (+) → greater inclination to cope through digital monitoring

Stress Prevention through greater Psychological climate

Future research

Endogneity Analysis

 Propensity score matching method to improve the randomization property and validity of the findings

